LEVEL	UNIT	LESSON Number 7	EQUIPMENT
Eighth Grade	Fitness	Fitness plan, FITT principles & Team Handball	SAQ Cards, FITT principles station cards, MP3 Player, Playground Balls, 3 handball courts, Print-Out W10 – One day fitness plan.

Objectives

The Students will:

- 1. Create a one day fitness plan that addresses their specific fitness level
- 2. Learn what SAQ drills are and demonstrate how to do them
- 3. Learn the difference between aerobic and anaerobic exercise
- 4. Play responsibly in a competitive situation.
- 5. Have fun, be safe, do their best and be respectful.

If you have any feedback on the lesson please email me at

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Thanks, Jo.

Benchmarks

- 3.3 Plan and implement a two-week personal physical fitness plan in collaboration with the teacher.
- 4.1 Develop a two-week personal physical fitness plan specifying the proper warm-up, cool-down and principles of exercise for each the five components of health-related fitness.
- 4.3 Identify ways to increase physical activity in routine daily activities.
- 5.1 Abide by the decisions of the officials, accept the outcome of the game, and show appreciation of participants.
- 5.2 Organize and work cooperatively with a group to achieve goals.

Activity	Time Procedure (Minutes)		Comments/Set- up/ Diagram	
Intro	5	Have students look at their fitness profile. Explain that this is their starting point for the year and that challenge them to see how much they can improve. Go over long term and short term goals. Let students know what their first unit is e.g. Basketball, Dance, soccer. Explain that they will not retest until the first lesson of the second unit so they have a month to see what they can do to improve their fitness. Q= What are the three principles of training? Q= Who is in control of your fitness level? Explain to the students that making a change means they have to make a commitment and it doesn't mean changing everything they do, but recognizing	(You could use a recognition system of your choice for the most improved.)	
		opportunities everyday to take better care of themselves. Review: The F.I.T.T. Principles		
		When considering the guidelines for training, keep in mind the F.I.T.T. Principles (frequency, intensity, time and type): Frequency: Number of exercise sessions per week.	Journals: Have students write these in their journals.	
		Intensity: How much weight/resistance Time: Number of Reps and Sets Type: Activities that count	Journais.	
Part 1	15	Explain what SAQ is to the students. (Speed, agility, quickness).	6 SAQ Stations	
Warm- up		SAQ is a relatively new fun method of training to improve speed, fast feet and multi-directional agility. SAQ workouts consist of short, intense drills, that require you to quickly accelerate or decelerate, while moving backwards, forwards, or side-to-side. SAQ improves balance, power, and neuromuscular firing patterns so that your movements become fast, dynamic and precise. As a result, you'll notice improvements in your response time and in your ability to change direction lightning-fast, as in basketball, tennis, skiing and soccer.	Have students work with their handball teams.	
		Review aerobic (with oxygen) vs anaerobic (without oxygen) exercises. Ask the class whether they think SAQ is aerobic or anaerobic. Have them explain why. SAQ is actually both, but has a particular focus on training the anaerobic system. QUIK-FIT	There are two station cards with definitions.	

		Tell students the think of when they countered example taking Objective SPEED< SPEE Stop the class 2 rate for 6 second							
Part 2/3 Team Handball	15	Ask the class when they can fit <i>short bursts of activity into their daily lives, or when they could substitute an activity for a more health-enhancing one.</i> Team handball has origins reaching as far back as the antiquity: <i>Urania</i> in ancient Greece. The International Handball Federation has organized Men's World Championships in 1938, and then every two, three or sometimes four years				Journals: Under the titles QUICK- FIT write three ways you can increases activity in routine daily activity.			
		since the World War II. The Women's World Championships have been played since 1957. The IHF also organizes Women's and Men's Junior World Championships. The IHF reports to have 160 member federations representing approximately 800,000 teams and more than nearly 19 million sportsmen and women. Give the teams the following countries Red = Denmark, Orange = Croatia, Yellow = Ukraine, Green = Hungary, Blue = Russia, Black = Germany.				Cross-curricular: They will study ancient Greece in history this year.			
		Games	Gold	Silver	Bronze				
		2004 Athens Men 2004 Athens Women	Croatia (CRO) Denmark (DEN)	Germany (GER) Hungary (HUN)	Russia (RUS) Ukraine (UKR)				
		The class will p numbered in or drawn out rand order, first two two teams on fi On fields two a losing teams st losing team mo by the time the sham-bo to dec							
		During any of t will be pulled o							
Closure	2	What is the dif How did you s	ference between aero how good sportsman	bic and anaerobic exe ship today? ne else displaying goo					
		Give out the fit be sharing the Tell students n interesting fac							